

Eire, The Emerald Isle
Land of Myths & Legends
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1. Cattle Grazing by Lough Inagh is in the Connemara region, County Galway. It is known for people speaking Gaelic, Ireland's ancient language.
2. The River Erriff empties into the sea at Killarney harbor. It is home to endangered Atlantic Salmon. A famous legend is the Salmon of Knowledge.
3. Lower Lough Erne is a lake in County Fermanagh, Northern Ireland. It is the setting of a legend called "The Golden Apples of Lough Erne.
4. The Evening Ritual, is a picture of cattle/cows being herded to a new place in Clonmore, County Longford. The name Clonmore means "big meadow".
5. The Bastion at Kilkenny is part of the ruins of an old castle. The invading Normans and English built stone castle walls for protection from the Irish.

6. Curraghmore, meaning "great bog" is the location of an estate. The invading Normand and English would evict the Irish and give the land to others.
7. Gougane Barra was named after Saint Finbarr. In 1938 a small forest park was created in the valley.
8. Torc Mountain, meaning "wild boar" in Irish, was the home of the Beaker folk, who were copper miners.
9. Torc Cascades is a waterfall named for a legend. A man was cursed by the devil to turn into a boar every night. When his secret was discovered, he burst into flames and threw himself into a nearby lough. The water overflowed creating the waterfall.
10. Sunset Over Inishturk is a painting of small island off the west coast of Ireland. In the 6th century, a monastery was built on the island. Peace was shattered when the Vikings began raiding the coasts.